

Social protection

Human right & Effective tool for poverty reduction

“Social protection is a set of policies and programmes aimed at preventing and protecting all people against poverty, vulnerability and social exclusion, throughout their life cycle placing a particular emphasis on vulnerable groups.” (SPIAC-B)

Cash Plus

Transfers combined with other interventions such as basic services (education, health, water and sanitation), social care, livelihoods training, behavioral change communication or support groups.



Social cash transfers and gender

SCT programmes are often gender-blind...still have positive outcomes for

- enrolment in education
- women's productive activity
- wellbeing
- intimate partner violence

...but can reinforce stereotypes and increase unequal work burden

- **cash +** is important linking to basic services or behavioral change communication

Leveraging cash to reduce IPV

a role for Development Agencies

- Strengthen gender-integration in Social Protection Programmes
- Gender-analysis from the start – IPV a part of multidimensional poverty
- Evidence at the core of design and implementation – evaluations and research
- Cooperate with colleagues in other fields (health, SRHR, nutrition, education, CSO) and support linkages to other interventions
- Pilot for knowledge, plan for scale-up